Early Years

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping

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Introduction

Every day, educators and students are exposed to big and small challenges that can contribute to feelings of stress. This year educators and students have risen to the challenge in innovative and creative ways, connecting and building meaningful relationships with students and families. As the impact of the pandemic continues to evolve, providing opportunities for explicit skill development will continue to be an essential part of bolstering positive student mental health. As an educator, it is equally important to prioritize your own well-being.

School Mental Health Ontario, in partnership with Ophea, is offering a series of lessons to support the development of stress management and healthy coping skills. The activities in these lessons provide an opportunity for skill development and modelling for both students and early years educator teams.

Each lesson will provide:

- A minds on activity for both early years educator teams and students.
- An action through a video, classes will participate in a 'virtual field trip' that
 provides opportunities for students and their educator teams to learn, practice
 and develop skills to cope with and manage stress.
- A consolidation activity for follow up after the virtual field trip.

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Caregivers are encouraged to participate in the virtual field trip. This will bridge learning and is an activity that can be extended to the home environment.







Lesson Plan

The learning experiences in this lesson series will complement the learning expectations found in the Self-Regulation and Well-Being Frame of the Kindergarten Program. Social-Emotional Learning skills help students develop the skills to foster overall health and well-being, positive mental health, and the ability to learn, build resilience and thrive.

By demonstrating a range of stress management strategies, students will have more options and ideas for staying mentally well during difficult times. It is important to note that different strategies work for different individuals. Sharing a range of strategies over time will allow students the opportunity to try them out and determine what works for them.

OVERALL EXPECTATIONS:

Self-Regulation and Well-Being Frame

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As children progress through the Kindergarten program, they: demonstrate independence, self-regulation, and a willingness to take responsibility in learning and other endeavours.

Conceptual Understandings

- We are responsible for our own choices and decisions.
- Everyone wants to be calm, focused, and alert.
- We each need different strategies, environments, and support to be calm, focused, and alert.
- We need to learn about strategies and environmental factors that can help us self-regulate.
- We can learn how to adapt our behaviour to suit a variety of social circumstances, including the customs of different groups of people.



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This chart below provides an "at-a-glance" summary of Social Emotional Learning (SEL) skills. SEL has been shown to support student emotional wellness, when offered in the context of a caring, inclusive, equity-minded classroom setting. When student identity is affirmed, and skills are introduced in a developmentally-appropriate and sequenced manner, students can select and adopt social-emotional strategies that build on their strengths. The highlighted skills will be the focus of this lesson.

Students will learn skills to:	So they can:	
identify and manage emotions	 express their feelings and understand the feelings of others 	
 recognize sources of stress and cope with challenges 	develop personal resilience	
maintain positive motivation and perseverance	foster a sense of optimism and hope	
build relationships and communicate effectively	support healthy relationships and respect diversity	
develop self-awareness and sense of identity	develop a sense of identity and belonging	
think critically and creatively	make informed decisions and solve problems	

For a more detailed overview please see the 2019 HPE Curriculum.

LEARNING GOALS:

EDUCATOR	CLASS
As educators, we are learning to build the confidence and competence to:	As students, we are learning:
 explore the connection between our mental and physical health. discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management. practice stress management coping skills. 	 that everyone wants to be calm, focused, and alert that we each need different strategies, environments, and supports to be calm, focused and alert to practice breathing strategies that help us self-regulate

SUCCESS CRITERIA:

Co-develop success criteria with your students using the following questions: "How will we know we are achieving our learning goals? What will it look like/sound like?"

For example:

- With help, I can recognize when I am calm and when I am not calm.
- With help, I can find ways to calm down when I am overwhelmed.

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CONSIDERATIONS:

- Approaches to all instruction, including Social-Emotional Learning (SEL) skills, must be mediated through respectful conversations about students' lived realities, inequity, bias, discrimination and harassment. Starting with self-reflection about yourself, the classroom and the situations individual students in your class may be coping with is key. It is important to remember that our students face a range of challenges that are relative to their personal, social, and cultural lived experience. They also have existing ways of coping. Be sure to consider sources of stress and examine and address structures that reinforce inequitable conditions that add stress to you, your students and entire communities. Through instruction and modelling, we can help students practise new and bolster existing coping strategies.
- This virtual field trip lesson is intended to be embedded as part of your school day. Our collective learning takes place on many different traditional Indigenous territories all across Ontario. We are grateful to be able to work and learn locally on these lands. As a school in Ontario we understand morning routines, including a land acknowledgement specific to your location, will have taken place prior to this field trip.
- The focus on emotions may be difficult for some students. Be prepared to connect students to additional supports if needed. Refer to the ONE-CALL Desk Reference for more information, and take time to consider your school and board circle of support and service pathways. Know what to do, and who to connect with, if a student seems like they might be struggling with their mental health.

MINDS ON:

The Minds On is to be completed BEFORE the live session.

EDUCATOR

What is social-emotional learning?

Watch this 5 minute video for helpful background information: What is social-emotional learning?

Guiding Questions:

- What kind of emotions do you experience throughout your day before, during and after school?
- Describe some reasons why it would be important to understand and know how to manage your emotions.
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills help you as an educator?
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills strengthen the relationships with your students and others around you?

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CLASS

Learning about Stress Management and Coping

Choose one of the Minds On activities found in Appendix A. Follow up the activity with a discussion using the guiding questions below.

Guiding Questions:

- What are some of the feelings you experience during a school day? (whether in person or on-line)
- Why is it important to understand our feelings and have different ways to manage our feelings?
- What does it mean when we feel stressed?
- Have you ever felt stressed? If so, how does your body feel? What do you do to help manage your feelings of stress?





ACTION TASK - VIRTUAL FIELD TRIP:

This pre-recorded session is facilitated by an Ophea Educator ambassador and a clinician from School Mental Health Ontario. This session focuses on breathing strategies and how they can help us cope with stress. Guided breathing exercises are an effective and useful tool to help us check-in with ourselves and manage our emotions. These types of interventions can help decrease how our body physically reacts to stress, and helps us calm our mind. In the video, the educator and mental health professional lead a variety of breathing exercises for you and your students to participate in together.

Links to view virtual field trip:

Click here to view on YouTube

Click here to view on Vimeo

CONSOLIDATION:

These activities and resources are designed to provide opportunities for consolidation of learning for both the educator and the students. Also provided is a letter to offer families to share information and share opportunities for follow-up learning.

EDUCATOR	CLASS	FAMILIES
Support your own mental health with these self-care tips: SMH-ON Personal Resiliency Tips for helpers who Support Students	 Choose from the following activities: Discussion Revisit some of the guiding questions in the minds-on and compare ideas from pre and post field trip. Read Aloud - Appendix D Offer students further opportunities to practise the strategies introduced, or try new strategies from School Mental Health Ontario and Ophea. School Mental Health Ontario: Stress Management and Coping Cards (contains some of the activities used in the virtual field trip) Ophea, Brain Blitz: Breathing with Awareness Breathing Good Energy In Happy Place Meditation 	Letter to send home with students to support learning – <i>Appendix E</i>

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Appendix A

Minds On

Choose one (or more) of the following activities as a Minds On activity. These activities are designed to get students talking about different emotions. Once you've completed the activity with your class, ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

Using our Senses to Explore our Feelings

1. Dance it Out

- a. Select three different pieces of music to play. Choose a variety of tempos and intensities.
- b. Play a short segment of each song. Encourage students to stand up and move their bodies in response to the music while they are listening. Play your slower, calmer song selection last to bring student's attention back.
- After each song ask students to attach a feeling to the music and to the way they moved their bodies. Keep a list of the feelings they shared.
- d. Remind students that not everyone will associate the same feeling with each song, just like everyone will move in a different way....and that's ok!
- e. Ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

2. Interactive Action Songs

- a. Choose an interactive action song or chant that is vigorous. Examples include:
 - Going on a Bear Hunt
 - There Was A Tree (sometimes called The Green Grass Grows All Around)
 - Tony Chestnut
- b. How did participating in that song make you feel? Students may experience a range of emotions, and that's ok!
- c. Ask students that found the song stressful or exciting what strategy they can use to help them self-regulate.
- d. Ask students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

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3. Feelings Flashcards

- a. Show students some of the "Feelings Flashcards" these can be found in **Appendix B** or download this slide deck that contains the cards.
- b. Ask students what feeling they associate with each of the emojis shown on the flashcards. Keep a list of the feelings they shared.
- c. Remind students that not everyone will associate the same feeling with each image, and that's ok! Also, some emotions are expressed in similar ways. For example joy, excitement, happiness.
- d. Ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

4. See and Say how You Feel

- a. Show students the images found in *Appendix C* or download <u>this slide deck</u> that contains the images.
- b. Ask students what feeling they associate with each of the images. Keep a list of the feelings that they shared. Encourage them to explain why they feel that way. Do they make connections to memories or experiences?
- c. Remind students that not everyone will associate the same feeling with each image, and that's ok!
- d. Ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

5. What Comforts You?

- a. Set a timer for 45 seconds. Ask students to go for a short walk in their learning space and find an object, that they can carry in one hand, that brings them comfort. Have them bring it back and set it beside them.
- b. Each student can share their object and the feeling they associate with it. This discussion may lead to a conversation about the strategies they use to comfort or calm themself.
- c. Ask your students the guiding guestions found in the lesson.

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Appendix B

Feelings Flashcards

These feelings flashcards can be used in a variety of ways. Here are some additional suggested uses that are suitable for a variety of grades:

- Create a match game. When students find a match they name the emotion.
- Use for a check-in. Students select the emoji that they resonate with at that moment.
- Co-create labels for each of the flash cards. Decide, (as a class, or in small groups, or as individual students), what feelings each of the emojis represent. Use the blank cards provided to have students create their own emoji.

































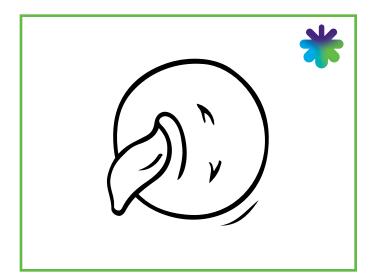


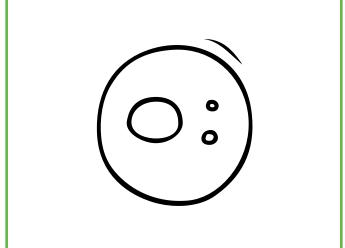


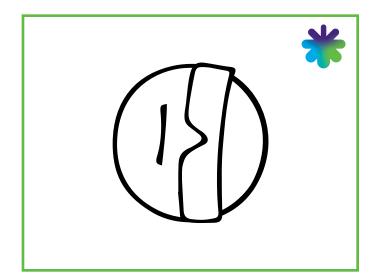


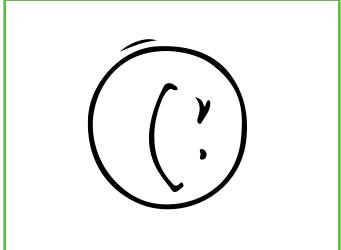


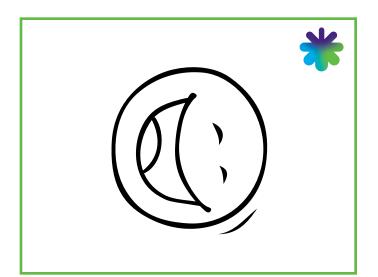
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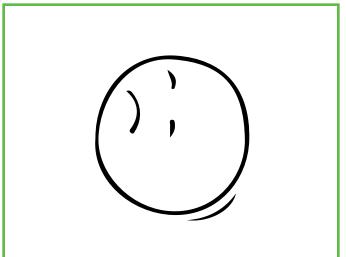




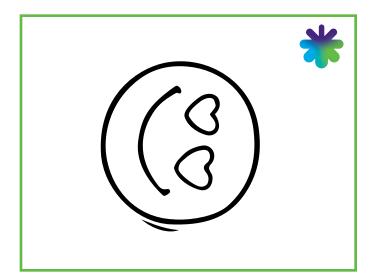


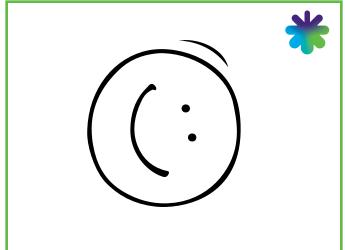


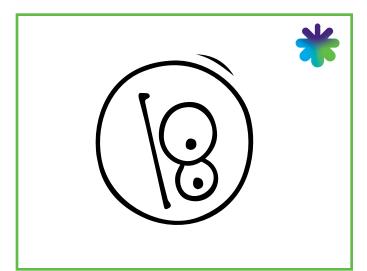


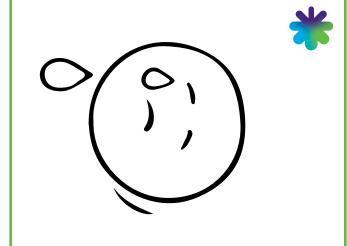


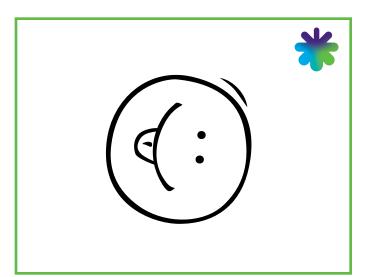
Feelings Flashcards 7 – 12

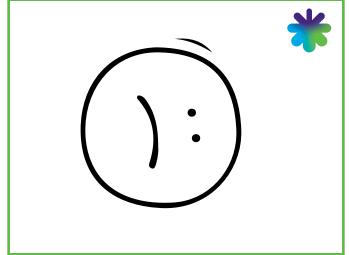




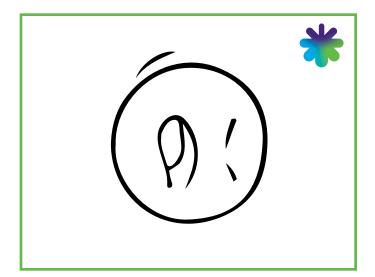


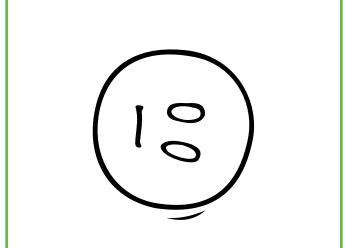


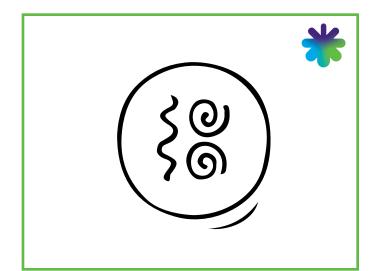


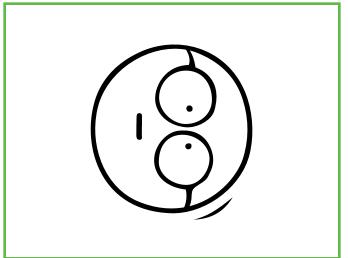


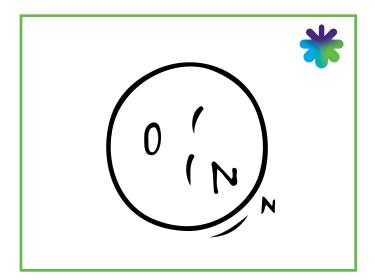
Feelings Flashcards 13 – 18

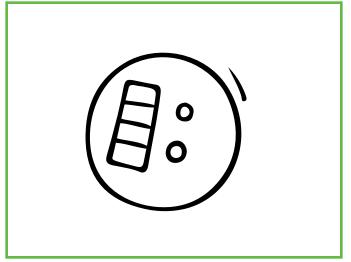












Feelings Flashcards (create your own)















Appendix C

Images for See and Say How You Feel



Image by Michael Kopp from Pixabay





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Image by lilybsphotoprops from Pixabay



Image by Schwoaze from Pixabay



Image by birgl from Pixabay



Image by Anja #helpinghands #solidarity#stays healthyfrom Pixabay



Image by Gerhard G. from Pixabay



Image by April Lamb-Hunter from Pixabay



Image by Chris Stenger from Pixabay



Image by Petra Roth from Pixabay



Appendix D

The book The Thing Lou Couldn't Do, (also available in French - Les Hauts et les Bas D'Amanda?), is a great provocation for a follow-up discussion. Stress is a strong feeling. We are learning how we can cope with stress and other big emotions. In this book we meet a girl named Lou who loves adventures and loves to play with her friends. However, she quickly realizes that when faced with a new challenge it can be difficult or scary.



DISCUSSION PROMPTS

Before Reading:

- What are some things that you are really good at doing? How do you feel when doing them?
- What are some things you are afraid to try?
- How do you feel when you struggle with the task or activity?

While I'm reading, pay attention to her body language and facial expressions and how her feelings change over the course of the text.

During Reading:

Stop at different points across this text. The following are a few examples of powerful times for students to pause and consider.

- Think aloud: "Lou loves adventures, but this adventure is up, she likes her adventures to be down." I'm noticing Lou's face - her furrowed brow, her slouching posture, her hands behind her back, the way she's looking longingly up at the tree. I'm inferring that she feels a bit nervous or worried, maybe even anxious. I also noticed that the author capitalized the words "up" and "down" which makes me think that Lou might be afraid of heights.
- Think aloud: "My tummy hurts. I need to sit down." Why do you think her tummy hurts? Have you felt that way before? Describe the range of emotions that you may go through when you are faced with a challenge. How do you express these emotions?
- Think aloud: "What's so great about climbing trees anyway?" I notice Lou's facial expressions have changed on this page. How do you think she is feeling? What makes you say that? How do you think her friends are feeling? What makes you say that? (Discuss facial expressions, body language, etc.)

After Reading:

How do Lou's feelings change throughout the story? How do you know? Do you think Lou's friends are good friends? What makes you say that? What strategies would you recommend to Lou for managing her big feelings? What do you think the author is trying to tell us in the story? What is her message? What makes you say that?

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Early Years

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping



Dear Parent/Caregiver,

Today our class participated in a virtual field trip to learn more about coping with stress, recognizing that stress is a part of life, and that there are strategies to help us cope.

If you would like to continue the learning from today, here are a few prompts to ask your child.

- Why do you think it is important to understand and know how to manage your emotions?
- Which breathing strategy/strategies from today felt most helpful for you?
- Do you have other strategies of your own that you find helpful? What are they?

For more activities to try at home, check out this set of activity cards from School Mental Health Ontario: https://smho-smso.ca/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/EDMH-ParentActivities-FINAL-EN.pdf

You can also access Ophea's H&PE curriculum connected content appropriate for online delivery at home at: ophea.net/hpeathome and visit Ophea Open Class for recorded instructional videos and lessons with guiding reflection questions related to social-emotional learning to support learners at home.



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Primary

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping

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Introduction

Every day, educators and students are exposed to big and small challenges that can contribute to feelings of stress. This year educators and students have risen to the challenge in innovative and creative ways, connecting and building meaningful relationships with students and families. As the impact of the pandemic continues to evolve, providing opportunities for explicit skill development will continue to be an essential part of bolstering positive student mental health. As an educator, it is equally important to prioritize your own well-being.

School Mental Health Ontario, in partnership with Ophea, is offering a series of lessons to support the development of stress management and healthy coping skills. The activities in these lessons provide an opportunity for skill development and modelling for both students and educators.

Each lesson will provide:

- A minds on activity for both educators and students.
- An action through a video, classes will participate in a 'virtual field trip' that provides
 opportunities for students and their educator teams to learn, practice and develop skills to cope
 with and manage stress.
- A consolidation activity for follow up after the virtual field trip.

In this series of six lessons we will:

Explore the connection between mental and physical health.

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- Discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management.
- Practice stress management coping skills.







Grades 1-3

Lesson Plan

This is the first lesson in a series of six lessons to support the development of **stress management** and **healthy coping skills**.

By demonstrating a range of stress management strategies, students will have more options and ideas for staying mentally well during difficult times. It is important to note that different strategies work for different individuals. Sharing a range of strategies over time will allow students the opportunity to try them out and determine what works for them.

OVERALL EXPECTATIONS:

Strand D, Healthy Living

This chart provides a brief summary of the mental health literacy topic learning, that this lesson will address, for **grades 1 – 3**.

Mental Health Literacy topic	D1 Understanding Health Concepts	D2 Making Healthy Choices	D3 Making Connections for Healthy Living
Grade 1	D1.5 Mental health and overall health		D3.3 Thoughts, emotions, actions
Grade 2	D1.6 Body and brain – responses and feelings	D2.5 Knowing when to seek help	
Grade 3	D1.6 Brain stress response system		D3.4 External factors that contribute to stressful feelings

Strand A, Social Emotional Learning (SEL) Skills

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The chart below provides an "at-a-glance" summary of SEL skills. SEL has been shown to support student emotional wellness, when offered in the context of a caring, inclusive, equity-minded classroom setting. When student identity is affirmed, and skills are introduced in a developmentally-appropriate and sequenced manner, students can select and adopt social-emotional strategies that build on their strengths. The highlighted skills will be the focus of this lesson series. Learning related to SEL skills are woven throughout the health and physical education curriculum for all grades.





Students will learn skills to:	So they can:
identify and manage emotions	 express their feelings and understand the feelings of others
 recognize sources of stress and cope with challenges 	develop personal resilience
maintain positive motivation and perseverance	foster a sense of optimism and hope
build relationships and communicate effectively	support healthy relationships and respect diversity
develop self-awareness and sense of identity	develop a sense of identity and belonging
think critically and creatively	make informed decisions and solve problems

For a more detailed overview please see Appendix A of the 2019 HPE Curriculum

LEARNING GOALS:

EDUCATOR	CLASS
As educators, we are learning to build the confidence and competence to: • explore the connection between our mental	As students, we are learning: to explore the connection between the health of our minds and our bodies.
 and physical health. discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management. practice stress management coping skills. 	 practice breathing strategies as a possible tool to help us cope with big feelings.

SUCCESS CRITERIA:

Co-develop success criteria with your students using the following questions: "How will we know we are achieving our learning goals? What will it look like/sound like?"

For example:

- I can recognize that sometimes I feel stress.
- I can learn ways to respond to stressful challenges.

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I can practice, observe, and apply strategies to help manage my stress.







CONSIDERATIONS:

- Approaches to all instruction, including Social-Emotional Learning (SEL) skills, must be mediated through respectful conversations about students' lived realities, inequity, bias, discrimination and harassment. Starting with self-reflection about yourself, the classroom and the situations individual students in your class may be coping with is key. It is important to remember that our students face a range of challenges that are relative to their personal, social, and cultural lived experience. They also have existing ways of coping. Be sure to consider sources of stress and examine and address structures that reinforce inequitable conditions that add stress to you, your students and entire communities. Through instruction and modelling, we can help students practise new and bolster existing coping strategies.
- This virtual field trip lesson is intended to be embedded as part of your school day. Our collective learning takes place on many different traditional Indigenous territories all across Ontario. We are grateful to be able to work and learn locally on these lands. As a school in Ontario we understand morning routines, including a land acknowledgement specific to your location, will have taken place prior to this field trip.
- The focus on emotions may be difficult for some students. Be prepared to connect students to additional supports if needed. Refer to the ONE-CALL Desk Reference for more information, and take time to consider your school and board circle of support and service pathways. Know what to do, and who to connect with, if a student seems like they might be struggling with their mental health.

MINDS ON:

The Minds On is to be completed BEFORE the virtual field trip.

EDUCATOR CLASS

Watch this 5 minute video for helpful background information: What is social-emotional learning?

What is social-emotional learning?

Guiding Questions:

- What kind of emotions do you experience throughout your day before, during and after school?
- Describe some reasons why it would be important to understand and know how to manage your emotions.
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills help you as an educator?
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills strengthen the relationships with your students and others around you?

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Learning about Stress Management and Coping

Choose one of the Minds On activities found in Appendix A. Follow up the activity with a discussion using the guiding questions below.

Guiding Questions:

- What are some of the feelings you experience during a school day? (whether in person or on-line)
- Why is it important to understand our feelings and have different ways to manage our feelings?
- What does it mean when we feel stressed?
- Have you ever felt stressed? If so, how does your body feel? What do you do to help manage your feelings of stress?





ACTION TASK - VIRTUAL FIELD TRIP:

This pre-recorded session is facilitated by an Ophea Educator ambassador and a clinician from School Mental Health Ontario. This session focuses on breathing strategies and how they can help us cope with stress. Guided breathing exercises are an effective and useful tool to help us check-in with ourselves and manage our emotions. These types of interventions can help decrease how our body physically reacts to stress, and helps us calm our mind. In the video, the educator and mental health professional lead a variety of breathing exercises for you and your students to participate in together.

Links to view virtual field trip:

Click here to view on YouTube

Click here to view on Vimeo

CONSOLIDATION:

These activities and resources are designed to provide opportunities for consolidation of learning for both the educator and the students. Also provided is a letter to offer families to share information and share opportunities for follow-up learning.

EDUCATOR	CLASS	FAMILIES
Support your own mental health with these self-care tips: SMH-ON Personal Resiliency Tips for helpers who Support Students	 Choose from the following activities: Discussion Revisit some of the guiding questions in the minds-on and compare ideas from pre and post field trip. Read Aloud - Appendix D Offer students further opportunities to practise the strategies introduced, or try new strategies from School Mental Health Ontario and Ophea. School Mental Health Ontario: Stress Management and Coping Cards	Letter to share with caregivers – Appendix E



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Appendix A

Minds On

Choose one (or more) of the following activities as a Minds On activity. These activities are designed to get students talking about different emotions. Once you've completed the activity with your class, ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

Using our Senses to Explore our Feelings

1. Dance it Out

- a. Select three different pieces of music to play. Choose a variety of tempos and intensities.
- b. Play a short segment of each song. Encourage students to stand up and move their bodies in response to the music while they are listening. Play your slower, calmer song selection last to bring student's attention back.
- After each song ask students to attach a feeling to the music and to the way they moved their bodies. Keep a list of the feelings they shared.
- d. Remind students that not everyone will associate the same feeling with each song, just like everyone will move in a different way....and that's ok!
- e. Ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

2. Feelings Flashcards

- a. Show students some of the "Feelings Flashcards" these can be found in **Appendix B** or download this slide deck that contains the cards.
- Ask students what feeling they associate with each of the emojis shown on the flashcards. Keep a list of the feelings they shared.
- c. Remind students that not everyone will associate the same feeling with each image, and that's ok! Also, some emotions are expressed in similar ways. For example joy, excitement, happiness.
- d. Ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

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3. See and Say how You Feel

- a. Show students the images found in *Appendix C* or download <u>this slide deck</u> that contains the images.
- b. Ask students what feeling they associate with each of the images. Keep a list of the feelings that they shared. Encourage them to explain why they feel that way. Do they make connections to memories or experiences?
- c. Remind students that not everyone will associate the same feeling with each image, and that's ok!
- d. Ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson plan.

4. What Comforts You?

- a. Set a timer for 45 seconds. Ask students to go for a short walk in their learning space and find an object, that they can carry in one hand, that brings them comfort. Have them bring it back and set it beside them.
- b. Each student can share their object and the feeling they associate with it. This discussion may lead to a conversation about the strategies they use to comfort or calm themself.
- c. Ask your students the guiding questions found in the lesson.





Appendix B

Feelings Flashcards

These feelings flashcards can be used in a variety of ways. Here are some additional suggested uses that are suitable for a variety of grades:

- Create a match game. When students find a match they name the emotion.
- Use for a check-in. Students select the emoji that they resonate with at that moment.
- Co-create labels for each of the flash cards. Decide, (as a class, or in small groups, or as individual students), what feelings each of the emojis represent. Use the blank cards provided to have students create their own emoji.































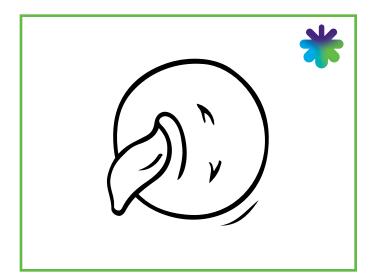


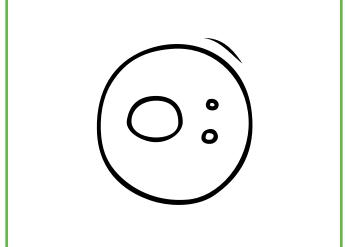


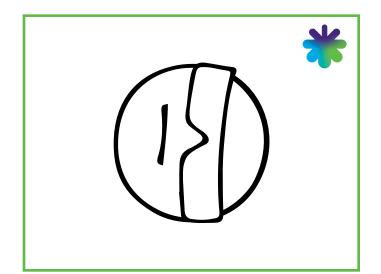


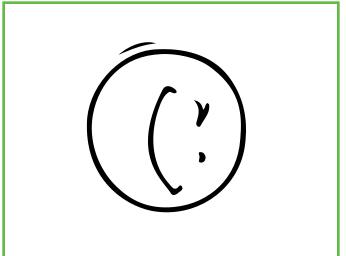


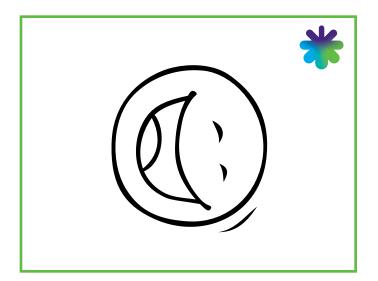
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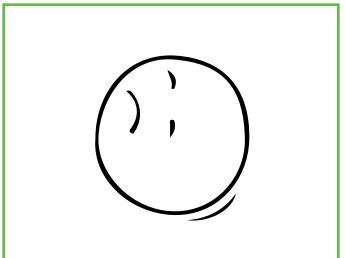




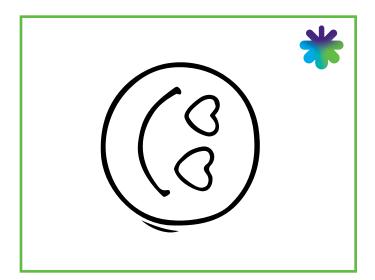


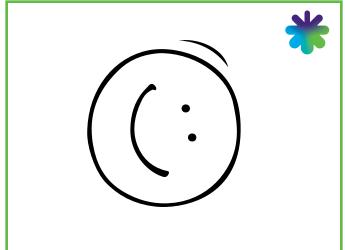


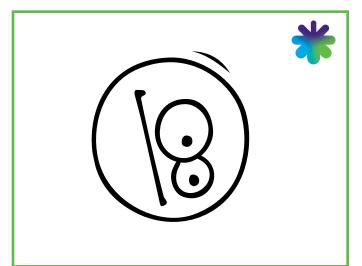


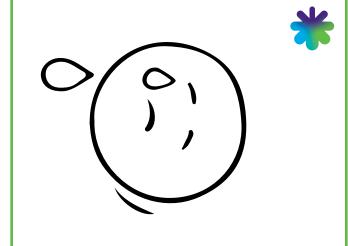


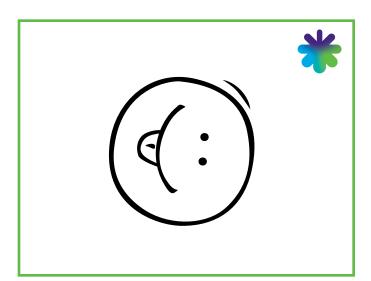
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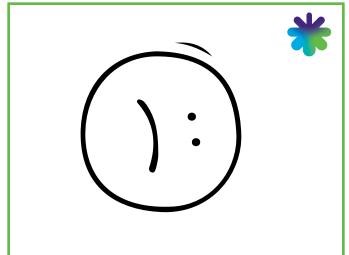




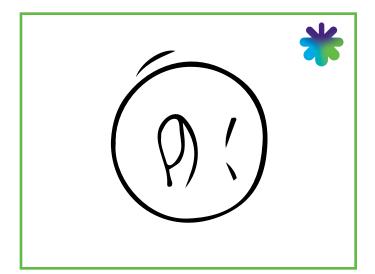


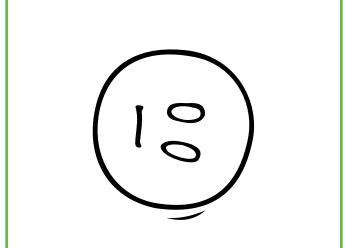


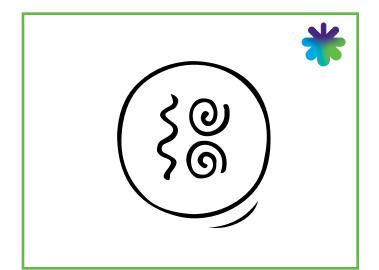


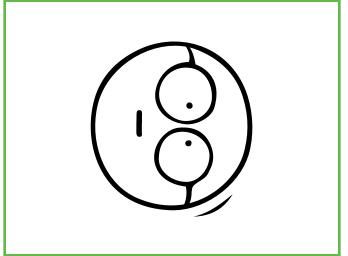


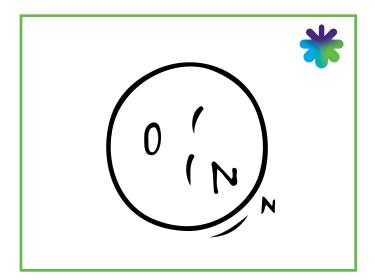
Feelings Flashcards 13 – 18

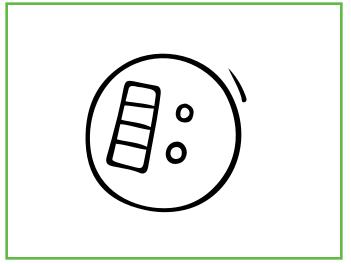












Feelings Flashcards (create your own)















Appendix C

Images for See and Say How You Feel



Image by Michael Kopp from Pixabay



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Image by lilybsphotoprops from Pixabay



Image by Schwoaze from Pixabay



Image by birgl from Pixabay



Image by Anja #helpinghands #solidarity#stays healthyfrom Pixabay



Image by Gerhard G. from Pixabay



Image by April Lamb-Hunter from Pixabay



Image by Chris Stenger from Pixabay



Image by Petra Roth from Pixabay



Appendix D

The book The Thing Lou Couldn't Do, (also available in French - Les Hauts et les Bas D'Amanda?), is a great provocation for a follow-up discussion. Stress is a strong feeling. We are learning how we can cope with stress and other big emotions. In this book we meet a girl named Lou who loves adventures and loves to play with her friends. However, she quickly realizes that when faced with a new challenge it can be difficult or scary.



DISCUSSION PROMPTS

Before Reading:

- What are some things that you are really good at doing? How do you feel when doing them?
- What are some things you are afraid to try?
- How do you feel when you struggle with the task or activity?

While I'm reading, pay attention to her body language and facial expressions and how her feelings change over the course of the text.

During Reading:

Stop at different points across this text. The following are a few examples of powerful times for students to pause and consider.

- Think aloud: "Lou loves adventures, but this adventure is up, she likes her adventures to be down." I'm noticing Lou's face - her furrowed brow, her slouching posture, her hands behind her back, the way she's looking longingly up at the tree. I'm inferring that she feels a bit nervous or worried, maybe even anxious. I also noticed that the author capitalized the words "up" and "down" which makes me think that Lou might be afraid of heights.
- Think aloud: "My tummy hurts. I need to sit down." Why do you think her tummy hurts? Have you felt that way before? Describe the range of emotions that you may go through when you are faced with a challenge. How do you express these emotions?
- Think aloud: "What's so great about climbing trees anyway?" I notice Lou's facial expressions have changed on this page. How do you think she is feeling? What makes you say that? How do you think her friends are feeling? What makes you say that? (Discuss facial expressions, body language, etc.)

After Reading:

How do Lou's feelings change throughout the story? How do you know? Do you think Lou's friends are good friends? What makes you say that? What strategies would you recommend to Lou for managing her big feelings? What do you think the author is trying to tell us in the story? What is her message? What makes you say that?

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Primary

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping



Dear Parent/Caregiver,

Today our class participated in a virtual field trip to learn more about coping with stress, recognizing that stress is a part of life, and that there are strategies to help us cope.

If you would like to continue the learning from today, here are a few prompts to ask your child.

- Why do you think it is important to understand and know how to manage your emotions?
- Which breathing strategy/strategies from today felt most helpful for you?
- Do you have other strategies of your own that you find helpful? What are they?

For more activities to try at home, check out this set of activity cards from School Mental Health Ontario: https://smho-smso.ca/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/EDMH-ParentActivities-FINAL-EN.pdf

You can also access Ophea's H&PE curriculum connected content appropriate for online delivery at home at: ophea.net/hpeathome and visit Ophea Open Class for recorded instructional videos and lessons with guiding reflection questions related to social-emotional learning to support learners at home.





Junior

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping

Table of Contents



- Introduction
- **Lesson Plan**
- **Appendix A**
- **Appendix B**
- Letter







Introduction

Every day, educators and students are exposed to big and small challenges that can contribute to feelings of stress. This year educators and students have risen to the challenge in innovative and creative ways, connecting and building meaningful relationships with students and families. As the impact of the pandemic continues to evolve, providing opportunities for explicit skill development will continue to be an essential part of bolstering positive student mental health. As an educator, it is equally important to prioritize your own well-being.

School Mental Health Ontario, in partnership with Ophea, is offering a series of lessons to support the development of stress management and healthy coping skills. The activities in these lessons provide an opportunity for skill development and modelling for both students and educators.

Each lesson will provide:

- A minds on activity for both educators and students.
- An action through a video, classes will participate in a 'virtual field trip' that provides
 opportunities for students and their educator teams to learn, practice and develop skills to cope
 with and manage stress.
- A consolidation activity for follow up after the virtual field trip.

In this series of six lessons we will:

Explore the connection between mental and physical health.

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- Discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management.
- Practice stress management coping skills.







Grades 4 - 6

Lesson Plan

This is the first lesson in a series of six lessons to support the development of **stress management** and **healthy coping skills**.

By demonstrating a range of stress management strategies, students will have more options and ideas for staying mentally well during difficult times. It is important to note that different strategies work for different individuals. Sharing a range of strategies over time will allow students the opportunity to try them out and determine what works for them.

OVERALL EXPECTATIONS:

Strand D, Healthy Living

This chart provides a brief summary of the mental health literacy topic learning, that this lesson will address, for **grades 4 – 6**.

Mental Health Literacy topic	D1 Understanding Health Concepts	D2 Making Healthy Choices	D3 Making Connections for Healthy Living
Grade 4		D2.5 Healthy choices to support Mental Health	D3.3 Stress Management (cognitive, behavioural)
Grade 5		D2.6 How to help others, when to seek help	D3.4 Stigma awareness
Grade 6	D1.4 Seeking help- professional helpers D1.5 Connecting thoughts, emotions and actions		





Strand A, Social Emotional Learning (SEL) Skills

The chart below provides an "at-a-glance" summary of SEL skills. SEL has been shown to support student emotional wellness, when offered in the context of a caring, inclusive, equity-minded classroom setting. When student identity is affirmed, and skills are introduced in a developmentally-appropriate and sequenced manner, students can select and adopt social-emotional strategies that build on their strengths. The highlighted skills will be the focus of this lesson series. Learning related to SEL skills are woven throughout the health and physical education curriculum for all grades.

Students will learn skills to:	So they can:	
identify and manage emotions	 express their feelings and understand the feelings of others 	
 recognize sources of stress and cope with challenges 	develop personal resilience	
maintain positive motivation and perseverance	foster a sense of optimism and hope	
build relationships and communicate effectively	support healthy relationships and respect diversity	
develop self-awareness and sense of identity	develop a sense of identity and belonging	
think critically and creatively	make informed decisions and solve problems	

For a more detailed overview please see the 2019 HPE Curriculum.

LEARNING GOALS:

EDUCATOR	CLASS
As educators, we are learning to build the confidence and competence to:	As students, we are learning to build confidence and competence to:
 explore the connection between our mental and physical health. 	explore the connection between mental and physical health.
 discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management. 	 practice breathing strategies as a possible tool to help us cope with stress.
practice stress management coping skills.	



SUCCESS CRITERIA:

Co-develop success criteria with your students using the following questions: "How will we know we are achieving our learning goals? What will it look like/sound like?"

For example:

- I can recognize that stress is a part of life and that it can be managed.
- I can learn ways to respond to stressful challenges.
- I can practice, observe, and apply strategies to help manage my stress.

CONSIDERATIONS:

- Approaches to all instruction, including Social-Emotional Learning (SEL) skills, must be mediated through respectful conversations about students' lived realities, inequity, bias, discrimination and harassment. Starting with self-reflection about yourself, the classroom and the situations individual students in your class may be coping with is key. It is important to remember that our students face a range of challenges that are relative to their personal, social, and cultural lived experience. They also have existing ways of coping. Be sure to consider sources of stress and examine and address structures that reinforce inequitable conditions that add stress to you, your students and entire communities. Through instruction and modelling, we can help students practise new and bolster existing coping strategies.
- This virtual field trip lesson is intended to be embedded as part of your school day. Our collective learning takes place on many different traditional Indigenous territories all across Ontario. We are grateful to be able to work and learn locally on these lands. As a school in Ontario we understand morning routines, including a land acknowledgement specific to your location, will have taken place prior to this field trip.
- The focus on emotions may be difficult for some students. Be prepared to connect students to additional supports if needed. Refer to the ONE-CALL Desk Reference for more information, and take time to consider your school and board circle of support and service pathways. Know what to do, and who to connect with, if a student seems like they might be struggling with their mental health.



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MINDS ON:

The Minds On is to be completed BEFORE the virtual field trip.

EDUCATOR

What is social-emotional learning?

Watch this 5 minute video for helpful background information: What is social-emotional learning?

Guiding Questions:

- What kind of emotions do you experience throughout your day before, during and after school?
- Describe some reasons why it would be important to understand and know how to manage your emotions.
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills help you as an educator?
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills strengthen the relationships with your students and others around you?

CLASS

Learning about Stress Management and Coping

Show students some of the feelings flashcards found in Appendix A or download this slide deck that contains the cards. Ask students to identify each of the emotions. Not all students will name the same emotion for each of the flash cards, and that's okay. Including some of the guiding questions below in your discussion about the different emotions shown on the flashcards.

Guiding Questions:

- What kind of emotions do you experience throughout your day at school? (whether in person or virtual)
- Why is it important to understand and know how to manage your emotions?
- How do you know when you are feeling stress?
- What are some strategies you currently use to help manage feelings of stress?

ACTION TASK - VIRTUAL FIELD TRIP:

This pre-recorded session is facilitated by an Ophea Educator ambassador and a clinician from School Mental Health Ontario. This session focuses on breathing strategies and how they can help us cope with stress. Guided breathing exercises are an effective and useful tool to help us check-in with ourselves and manage our emotions. These types of interventions can help decrease how our body physically reacts to stress, and helps us calm our mind. In the video, the educator and mental health professional lead a variety of breathing exercises for you and your students to participate in together.

Links to view virtual field trip:

Click here to view on YouTube

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Click here to view on Vimeo







CONSOLIDATION:

These activities and resources are designed to provide opportunities for consolidation of learning for both the educator and the students. Also provided is a letter to offer families to share information and share opportunities for follow-up learning.

EDUCATOR	CLASS	FAMILIES
Support your own mental health with these self-care tips: SMH-ON Personal Resiliency Tips for helpers who Support Students	 □ Discussion Revisit some of the guiding questions in the minds-on and compare ideas from pre and post field trip. □ Read Aloud Appendix B □ The following one minute video was created by Ontario secondary students – they share their insights on managing stress and coping. Some of their examples may not be relevant to junior students, but it could provide a provocation for a consolidation discussion. Preview before sharing with students. Social Emotional Learning Student Project □ Offer students further opportunities to practise the strategies introduced, or try new strategies from School Mental Health Ontario and Ophea. • School Mental Health Ontario: Stress Management and Coping Cards (contains some of the activities used in the virtual field trip • Ophea, Brain Blitz: Breathing with Awareness Breathing Good Energy In Happy Place Meditation 	Letter to share with caregivers – Appendix C







Appendix A

Feelings Flashcards

These feelings flashcards can be used in a variety of ways. Here are some additional suggested uses that are suitable for a variety of grades:

- Create a match game. When students find a match they name the emotion.
- · Use for a check-in. Students select the emoji that they resonate with at that moment.
- Co-create labels for each of the flash cards. Decide, (as a class, or in small groups, or as individual students), what feelings each of the emojis represent. Use the blank cards provided to have students create their own emoji.
- Use them for a role play situation. Present students with an 'imaginary text message' and ask them which emoji would be most appropriate to include.





























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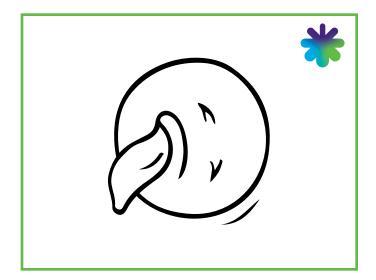


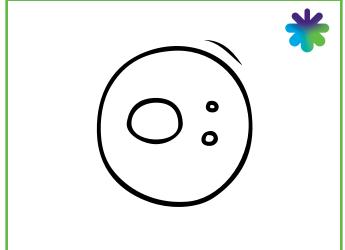


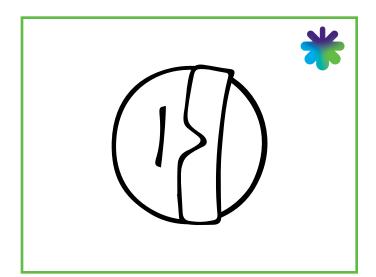


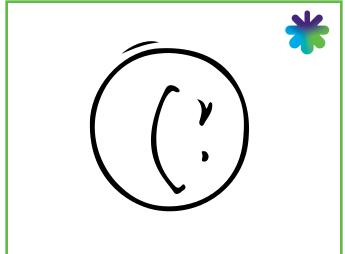


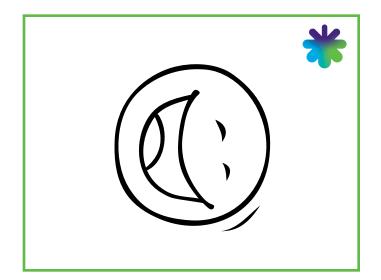
Feelings Flashcards 1 – 6

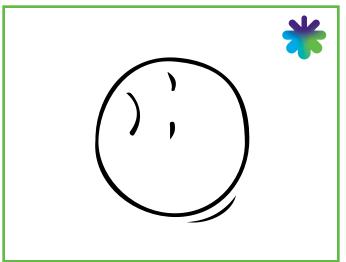




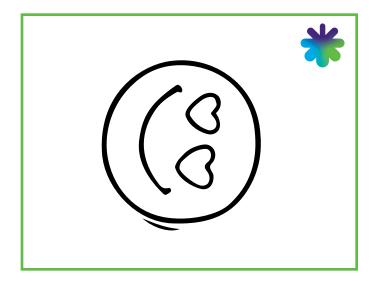


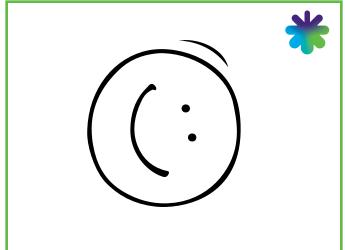


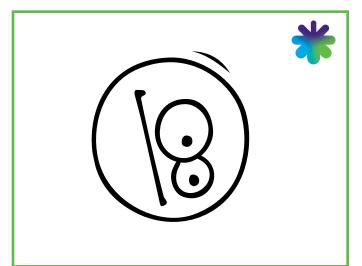


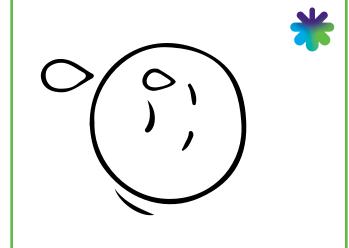


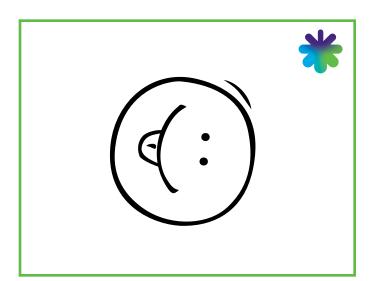
Feelings Flashcards 7 – 12

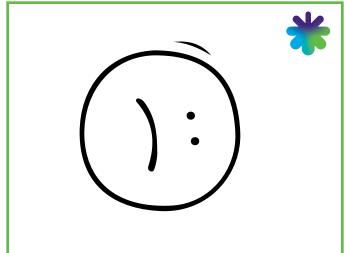




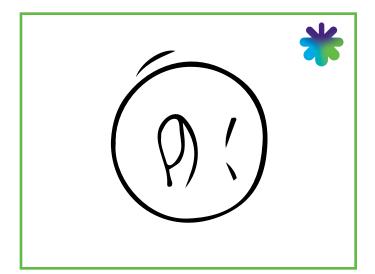


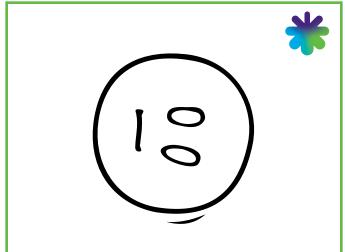


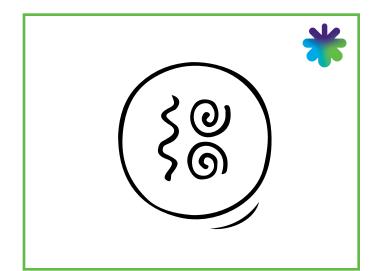


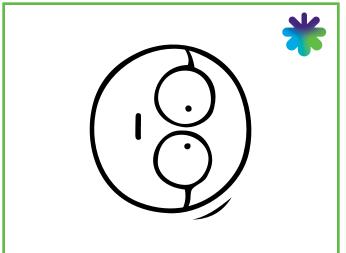


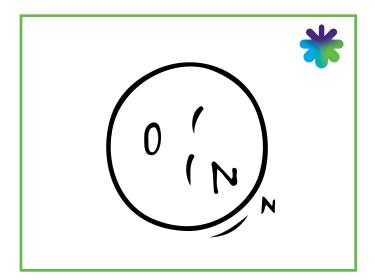
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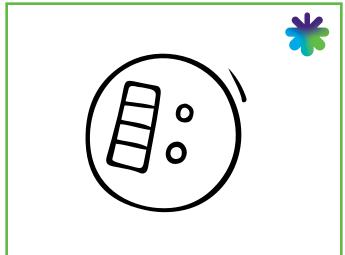






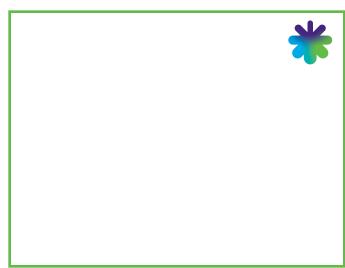






Feelings Flashcards (create your own)















Appendix B

The book The Thing Lou Couldn't Do, (also available in French - Les Hauts et les Bas D'Amanda?), is a great provocation for a follow-up discussion. Stress is a strong feeling. We are learning how we can cope with stress and other big emotions. In this book we meet a girl named Lou who loves adventures and loves to play with her friends. However, she quickly realizes that when faced with a new challenge it can be difficult or scary.



DISCUSSION PROMPTS

Before Reading:

- What are some things that you are really good at doing? How do you feel when doing them?
- What are some things you are afraid to try?
- How do you feel when you struggle with the task or activity?

While I'm reading, pay attention to her body language and facial expressions and how her feelings change over the course of the text.

During Reading:

Stop at different points across this text. The following are a few examples of powerful times for students to pause and consider.

- Think aloud: "Lou loves adventures, but this adventure is up, she likes her adventures to be down." I'm noticing Lou's face - her furrowed brow, her slouching posture, her hands behind her back, the way she's looking longingly up at the tree. I'm inferring that she feels a bit nervous or worried, maybe even anxious. I also noticed that the author capitalized the words "up" and "down" which makes me think that Lou might be afraid of heights.
- Think aloud: "My tummy hurts. I need to sit down." Why do you think her tummy hurts? Have you felt that way before? Describe the range of emotions that you may go through when you are faced with a challenge. How do you express these emotions?
- Think aloud: "What's so great about climbing trees anyway?" I notice Lou's facial expressions have changed on this page. How do you think she is feeling? What makes you say that? How do you think her friends are feeling? What makes you say that? (Discuss facial expressions, body language, etc.)

After Reading:

How do Lou's feelings change throughout the story? How do you know? Do you think Lou's friends are good friends? What makes you say that? What strategies would you recommend to Lou for managing her big feelings? What do you think the author is trying to tell us in the story? What is her message? What makes you say that?

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Junior

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping



Dear Parent/Caregiver,

Today our class participated in a virtual field trip to learn more about coping with stress, recognizing that stress is a part of life, and that there are strategies to help us cope.

If you would like to continue the learning from today, here are a few prompts to ask your child.

- Why do you think it is important to understand and know how to manage your emotions?
- Which breathing strategy/strategies from today felt most helpful for you?
- Do you have other strategies of your own that you find helpful? What are they?

For more activities to try at home, check out this set of activity cards from School Mental Health Ontario: https://smho-smso.ca/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/EDMH-ParentActivities-FINAL-EN.pdf

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Intermediate

Virtual Field Trip **Stress Management** and Coping

Table of Contents



- Introduction
- **Lesson Plan**
- Letter







Introduction

Every day, educators and students are exposed to big and small challenges that can contribute to feelings of stress. This year educators and students have risen to the challenge in innovative and creative ways, connecting and building meaningful relationships with students and families. As the impact of the pandemic continues to evolve, providing opportunities for explicit skill development will continue to be an essential part of bolstering positive student mental health. As an educator, it is equally important to prioritize your own well-being.

School Mental Health Ontario, in partnership with Ophea, is offering a series of lessons to support the development of stress management and healthy coping skills. The activities in these lessons provide an opportunity for skill development and modelling for both students and educators.

Each lesson will provide:

- A minds on activity for both educators and students.
- An action through a video, classes will participate in a 'virtual field trip' that provides
 opportunities for students and their educator teams to learn, practice and develop skills to cope
 with and manage stress.
- A consolidation activity for follow up after the virtual field trip.

In this series of six lessons we will:

Explore the connection between mental and physical health.

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- Discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management.
- Practice stress management coping skills.









Grades 7 - 8

Lesson Plan

This is the first lesson in a series of six lessons to support the development of **stress management** and **healthy coping skills**.

By demonstrating a range of stress management strategies, students will have more options and ideas for staying mentally well during difficult times. It is important to note that different strategies work for different individuals. Sharing a range of strategies over time will allow students the opportunity to try them out and determine what works for them.

OVERALL EXPECTATIONS:

Strand D, Healthy Living

This chart provides a brief summary of the mental health literacy topic learning, that this lesson will address, for **grades 7 – 8**.

Mental Health Literacy topic	D1 Understanding Health Concepts	D2 Making Healthy Choices	D3 Making Connections for Healthy Living
Grade 7	D1.6 Mental health, mental illness		
Grade 8		D2.4 Routines and habits for mental health	



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Strand A, Social Emotional Learning (SEL) Skills

The chart below provides an "at-a-glance" summary of SEL skills. SEL has been shown to support student emotional wellness, when offered in the context of a caring, inclusive, equity-minded classroom setting. When student identity is affirmed, and skills are introduced in a developmentally-appropriate and sequenced manner, students can select and adopt social-emotional strategies that build on their strengths. The highlighted skills will be the focus of this lesson series. Learning related to SEL skills are woven throughout the health and physical education curriculum for all grades.

Students will learn skills to:	So they can:	
identify and manage emotions	 express their feelings and understand the feelings of others 	
 recognize sources of stress and cope with challenges 	develop personal resilience	
maintain positive motivation and perseverance	foster a sense of optimism and hope	
build relationships and communicate effectively	support healthy relationships and respect diversity	
develop self-awareness and sense of identity	develop a sense of identity and belonging	
think critically and creatively	make informed decisions and solve problems	

For a more detailed overview please see the 2019 HPE Curriculum.

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LEARNING GOALS:

EDUCATOR	CLASS
As educators, we are learning to build the confidence and competence to:	As students, we are learning to build confidence and competence to:
 explore the connection between our mental and physical health. discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management. practice stress management coping skills. 	 explore the connection between mental and physical health. practice breathing strategies as a possible tool to help us cope with stress.



SUCCESS CRITERIA:

Co-develop success criteria with your students using the following questions: "How will we know we are achieving our learning goals? What will it look like/sound like?"

For example:

- I can recognize that stress is a part of life and that it can be managed.
- I can learn ways to respond to stressful challenges.
- I can practice, observe, and apply strategies to help manage my stress.

CONSIDERATIONS:

- Approaches to all instruction, including Social-Emotional Learning (SEL) skills, must be mediated through respectful conversations about students' lived realities, inequity, bias, discrimination and harassment. Starting with self-reflection about yourself, the classroom and the situations individual students in your class may be coping with is key. It is important to remember that our students face a range of challenges that are relative to their personal, social, and cultural lived experience. They also have existing ways of coping. Be sure to consider sources of stress and examine and address structures that reinforce inequitable conditions that add stress to you, your students and entire communities. Through instruction and modelling, we can help students practise new and bolster existing coping strategies.
- This virtual field trip lesson is intended to be embedded as part of your school day. Our collective learning takes place on many different traditional Indigenous territories all across Ontario. We are grateful to be able to work and learn locally on these lands. As a school in Ontario we understand morning routines, including a land acknowledgement specific to your location, will have taken place prior to this field trip.
- The focus on emotions may be difficult for some students. Be prepared to connect students to additional supports if needed. Refer to the ONE-CALL Desk Reference for more information, and take time to consider your school and board circle of support and service pathways. Know what to do, and who to connect with, if a student seems like they might be struggling with their mental health.



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MINDS ON:

The Minds On is to be completed BEFORE the virtual field trip.

EDUCATOR CLASS

What is social-emotional learning?

Watch this 5 minute video for helpful background information: What is social-emotional learning?

Guiding Questions:

- What kind of emotions do you experience throughout your day before, during and after school?
- Describe some reasons why it would be important to understand and know how to manage your emotions.
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills help you as an educator?
- How do you think social-emotional learning skills strengthen the relationships with your students and others around you?

Learning about Stress Management and Coping

Watch the Skills for students: Managing the stress we feel with your students.

Guiding Questions:

- What kind of emotions do you experience throughout your day at school?
- Why is it important to understand and know how to manage your emotions?
- How do you know when you are feeling stress?
- What are some strategies you currently use to help manage feelings of stress?

ACTION TASK - VIRTUAL FIELD TRIP:

This pre-recorded session is facilitated by an Ophea Educator ambassador and a clinician from School Mental Health Ontario. This session focuses on breathing strategies and how they can help us cope with stress. Guided breathing exercises are an effective and useful tool to help us check-in with ourselves and manage our emotions. These types of interventions can help decrease how our body physically reacts to stress, and helps us calm our mind. In the video, the educator and mental health professional lead a variety of breathing exercises for you and your students to participate in together.

Links to view virtual field trip:

Click here to view on YouTube

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Click here to view on Vimeo





CONSOLIDATION:

These activities and resources are designed to provide opportunities for consolidation of learning for both the educator and the students. Also provided is a letter to offer families to share information and share opportunities for follow-up learning.

EDUCATOR	CLASS	FAMILIES
Support your own mental health with these self-care tips: SMH-ON Personal Resiliency Tips for helpers who Support Students	Choose from the following activities: Discussion Revisit some of the guiding questions in the minds-on and compare ideas from pre and post field trip. Offer students further opportunities to practise the strategies introduced, or try new strategies from School Mental Health Ontario and Ophea. School Mental Health Ontario: Stress Management and Coping Cards (contains some of the activities used in the virtual field trip Breathing and Noticing Circular Breathing Exercise Explore the COVID-19 Youth Mental Health Resource Hub with students. Highlight the pack of breathing exercise resources available on the landing page.	Letter to share with caregivers





Intermediate

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping



Dear Parent/Caregiver,

Today our class participated in a virtual field trip to learn more about coping with stress, recognizing that stress is a part of life, and that there are strategies to help us cope.

If you would like to continue the learning from today, here are a few prompts to ask your child.

- Which strategy/strategies from today felt most helpful for you?
- Do you have other strategies of your own that you find helpful? What are they?
- Why do you think it is important to understand and know how to manage your emotions?

Your child was also introduced to the COVID-19 Youth Mental Health Resource Hub.

We explored some of the many resources designed to support youth, including a package of visuals about breathing exercises.

For more activities to try at home, check out this set of activity cards from School Mental Health Ontario: https://smho-smso.ca/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/EDMH-ParentActivities-FINAL-EN.pdf

You can also access Ophea's H&PE curriculum connected content appropriate for online delivery at home at: ophea.net/hpeathome and visit Ophea Open Class for recorded instructional videos and lessons with guiding reflection questions related to social-emotional learning to support learners at home.







Secondary

Virtual Field Trip Stress Management and Coping

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- Introduction
- **Lesson Plan**







Introduction

Every day, educators and students are exposed to big and small challenges that can contribute to feelings of stress. This year educators and students have risen to the challenge in innovative and creative ways, connecting and building meaningful relationships with students and families. As the impact of the pandemic continues to evolve, providing opportunities for explicit skill development will continue to be an essential part of bolstering positive student mental health. As an educator, it is equally important to prioritize your own well-being.

School Mental Health Ontario, in partnership with Ophea, is offering a series of lessons to support the development of stress management and healthy coping skills. The activities in these lessons provide an opportunity for skill development and modelling for both students and educators.

Each lesson will provide:

- A minds on activity for both educators and students.
- An action through a video, classes will participate in a 'virtual field trip' that provides opportunities for students and their educator teams to learn, practice and develop skills to cope with and manage stress.
- A **consolidation** activity for follow up after the virtual field trip that includes resources to share with secondary students to further support skill development in this area.

In this series of six lessons we will:

Explore the connection between mental and physical health.

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- Discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management.
- Practice stress management coping skills.







Grades 9 - 12

Lesson Plan

This is the first lesson in a series of six lessons to support the development of **stress management** and **healthy coping skills**.

By demonstrating a range of stress management strategies, students will have more options and ideas for staying mentally well during difficult times. It is important to note that different strategies work for different individuals. Sharing a range of strategies over time will allow students the opportunity to try them out and determine what works for them.

OVERALL EXPECTATIONS:

We develop social-emotional learning skills throughout our lives. SEL has been shown to support student emotional wellness, when offered in the context of a caring, inclusive, equity-minded classroom setting. When student identity is affirmed, and skills are introduced in a developmentally-appropriate and sequenced manner, students can select and adopt social-emotional strategies that build on their strengths. Both elementary and secondary curriculum contain expectations for social-emotional learning. Here is an outline of the six skill categories of social-emotional learning. The two highlighted skills will be the focus of this lesson series. Integrating opportunities for students to practice and discuss stress management and coping strategies will benefit learning in all subject areas.

St	udents will learn skills to:	So they can:	
•	identify and manage emotions	 express their feelings and understand the feelings of others 	
•	recognize sources of stress and cope with challenges	develop personal resilience	
•	maintain positive motivation and perseverance	foster a sense of optimism and hope	
•	build relationships and communicate effectively	support healthy relationships and respect diversity	
•	develop self-awareness and sense of identity	develop a sense of identity and belonging	
•	think critically and creatively	make informed decisions and solve problems	





LEARNING GOALS:

EDUCATOR	CLASS
As educators, we are learning to build the confidence and competence to:	As students, we are learning to build confidence and competence to:
 explore the connection between our mental and physical health. discuss the benefits of physical activity for stress management. practice stress management coping skills. 	 explore the connection between mental and physical health. practice breathing strategies as a possible tool to help us cope with stress.

SUCCESS CRITERIA:

Co-develop success criteria with your students using the following questions: "How will we know we are achieving our learning goals? What will it look like/sound like?"

For example:

- I can recognize that stress is a part of life and that it can be managed.
- I can learn ways to respond to stressful challenges.

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I can practice, observe, and apply strategies to help manage my stress.

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Click here to view on **Vimeo**





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